English Presentation and Discussion

기계공학과 부교수

이무연



Purposeful Planning



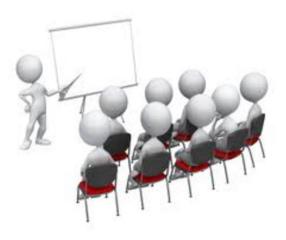
How to make great outline (개요) of the presentation?

- 1 How to make impressive Introduction (소개)?
- 2 How to make Main Body (当弁号) of the presentation?
- 3 What should be the Conclusion?
- What is Transitions?



Outline of the presentation

- A well-made outline makes presentation simpler and easy to remember
- How to make a great outline of the presentation?
 - Introduction
 - Main points
 - Conclusion
 - Transitions



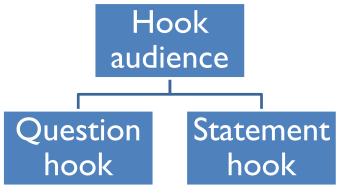
How to make impressive Introductions?





- First impression is the last impression! (so better make it interesting)
- First minute of the presentation is very important to grab the audience attention
- Simple greeting like "Good afternoon" "Thank you for being here" are not much interesting

 Hook audience by asking interesting question or by surprising statements



- Tell a story
 - Always try to relate with audience
 - Everybody has struggled, failed or succeeded at something.
 - Always tell failure and then tell how you overcome it. It will inspire so many in audience.

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How to make impressive Introductions?





- Main body of the presentation important.
- This is part where you explain main data of your presentation.
- Brainstorm messages to support your argument.

Example

Message: Social networking sites cause more harm than good.

- I. Internet addiction
 - 2. Waste of time
- 3. Loss of social skills
- Always present your strongest argument or point at start.
- Never keep it at end.

II. Main Body



Transitions

- How you move from one point to another is important.
- Always use transition words to connect the ideas.
- For example:
 - Firstly, secondly,...
 - On the other hand
 - In addition
 - Furthermore
 - In contrast
 - Therefore
- Promise transitions
- When you use it, you make promise to audience that something good is coming in next slides.
- So when audience keeps on listening, they will get some new information.

Example

If you want to decrease study time by 20%, you need to follow my next strategy.

II. Conclusions



Create a conclusion clue

- It is the word which tells that your presentation is almost finished.
- For example:
 - "In the end", "Overall", "To conclude," "In the end", "In summation"
- Conclusion clues are easy to add and help your presentation flow smoothly.

Restate your message

- Why? Because you want your audience to remember that message.
- That message will remain long after the presentation. So, emphasize the message again.

Challenge the audience

Focus on future

Example

Message: It is important to take breaks during long study times.

Challenge: many people here think study break is waste. But, study shows that if you take study breaks your efficiency, concentration and productivity increases.

Example

Message: Exercise should be given equal importance as studies.

Future focus: Always healthy people are more active and in future productivity will increase only if more healthy people are working in any organization.

III. Conclusions



- End with punch!
 - Booked punch

Example

Message: Saving water is great way to help the environment.

Booked punch: "If you just save one liter of water everyday, imagine how we all make big difference."

Repeat punch

Example

Message: Learning English can be interesting.

Booked punch: "English learning is fun. English leaning is..... (all say) fun."

IV. Transitions



Transitions

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- Promise transitions
- When you use it, you make promise to audience that something good is coming in next slides.
- So when audience keeps on listening, they will get some new information.

Example

If you want to decrease study time by 20%, you need to follow my next strategy.

Let's all say 'YES'



Can we successfully
present in English,
in spite of
challenges of English presentation and
our limited English proficiency?

What is your answer?





Thank You